

# I - Statique - barre encastree

$$1^{\circ}) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{B_1} \vec{F}_i \\ \sum_{B_1} \vec{M}_i \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ -P \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\}_{B_1} \quad 2^{\circ}) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{B_0} \vec{F}_i \\ \sum_{B_0} \vec{M}_i \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ Y_B \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\}_{B_0} \quad 3^{\circ}) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{A_1} \vec{F}_i \\ \sum_{A_1} \vec{M}_i \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} X_A \\ Y_A \\ Z_A \\ 0 \end{array} \right\}_{A_1}$$

$$4^{\circ}) * \vec{P}_{A, A_1} = \vec{P}_{B, A_1} + \vec{AB} \wedge \vec{F}_{B_1} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L_1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\}_{B_0} \wedge \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ Y_B \\ 0 \end{array} \right\}_{B_0} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 0 \\ L_1 Y_B \end{array} \right\}_{B_0} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{A_1} \vec{F}_i \\ \sum_{A_1} \vec{M}_i \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ Y_B \\ 0 \\ L_1 Y_B \end{array} \right\}_{A_1}$$

$$* \vec{P}_{A, P_1} = \vec{P}_{B, P_1} + \vec{AC} \wedge \vec{P} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L_2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array} \right\}_{B_0} \wedge \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ -P \\ 0 \end{array} \right\}_{B_0} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ 0 \\ -L_2 P \end{array} \right\}_{B_0} \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum_{A_1} \vec{F}_i \\ \sum_{A_1} \vec{M}_i \end{array} \right\} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \\ -P \\ 0 \\ -L_2 P \end{array} \right\}_{A_1}$$

$$5^{\circ}) \text{ a) TRS: } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{sur } \vec{x}: X_A = 0 \\ \text{sur } \vec{y}: Y_A + Y_B - P = 0 \quad (1) \end{array} \right.$$

$$\text{b) TNS en A sur } \vec{z}: L_1 Y_B - L_2 P = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$6^{\circ}) \text{ on trouve } Y_B \text{ par l'equation (2): } Y_B = \frac{L_2}{L_1} P$$

$$\underline{\text{AN: } Y_B = 1250 \text{ N}}$$

$$\text{puis } Y_A \text{ par l'equation (1): } Y_A = P - Y_B = P \left( 1 - \frac{L_2}{L_1} \right)$$

$$\underline{\text{AN: } Y_A = -750 \text{ N}}$$

$$\text{on avait egalement trouve } X_A = 0 \text{ N}$$

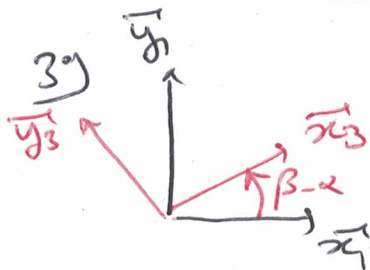
## II. Pilote automatique de bateau

### A. Cinématique

1)  $\vec{V}_{B \in 3/0} = -a\beta \vec{x}_3$  ;  $\vec{V}_{B \in 2/1} = \dot{x} \vec{x}_1$  ;  $\vec{V}_{B \in 1/0} = x \dot{\alpha} \vec{y}_1$

2)  $\vec{V}_{B \in 3/0} = \vec{V}_{B \in 3/2} + \vec{V}_{B \in 2/1} + \vec{V}_{B \in 1/0}$

$\Rightarrow -a\beta \vec{x}_3 = \dot{x} \vec{x}_1 + x \dot{\alpha} \vec{y}_1$  (1)



$(\vec{x}_1, \vec{x}_3) = (\vec{x}_1, \vec{x}_0) + (\vec{x}_0, \vec{x}_3) = -\alpha + \beta = \beta - \alpha$

donc  $\vec{x}_3 = \cos(\beta - \alpha) \vec{x}_1 + \sin(\beta - \alpha) \vec{y}_1$

4) On remplace  $\vec{x}_3$  dans (1), on projette sur  $\vec{x}_1$ :

$-a\beta \cos(\beta - \alpha) = \dot{x}$

5)  $\dot{x} = 0,5 \times \left(10 \times \frac{\pi}{30}\right) \times \cos\left(18^\circ \times \frac{\pi}{180}\right) \approx \underline{0,5 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}}$

### B. Statique

1) On isole le voisin de 1+2, soumis à 2 glisseurs en A et B. Ces forces sont donc opposées et dirigées par les points d'application A et B.

donc  $\{ \mathcal{C}_{3/2} \} = \begin{Bmatrix} X_{32} & \emptyset \\ 0 & \emptyset \\ \emptyset & 0 \end{Bmatrix}_{B_1} = - \{ \mathcal{C}_{2/3} \}$

2) On isole 3,

BANE:  $\{ \mathcal{C}_{auk3} \} = \begin{Bmatrix} F & \emptyset \\ 0 & \emptyset \\ \emptyset & 0 \end{Bmatrix}_{B_3}$  ;  $\{ \mathcal{C}_{2/3} \} = \begin{Bmatrix} X_{23} & \emptyset \\ 0 & \emptyset \\ \emptyset & 0 \end{Bmatrix}_{B_1}$

$\{ \mathcal{C}_{0/3} \} = \begin{Bmatrix} X_{03} & \emptyset \\ Y_{03} & \emptyset \\ \emptyset & 0 \end{Bmatrix}_{B_0}$

## Changement de points en C:

(2)

$$* \vec{\Pi}_{C, \text{eau}/3} = \vec{\Pi}_{D, \text{eau}/3} + \vec{CD} \wedge \vec{F}_{\text{eau}/3} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & F \\ -CD & 0 \\ \emptyset & \emptyset \end{vmatrix}_{B_3} = \begin{vmatrix} \emptyset \\ \emptyset \\ CD \times F \end{vmatrix}_{B_3}$$

$$* \vec{\Pi}_{C, 2/3} = \vec{\Pi}_{B, 2/3} + \vec{CB} \wedge \vec{F}_{2/3} = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & X_{23} \cos(\beta - \alpha) \\ a & -X_{23} \sin(\beta - \alpha) \\ \emptyset & \emptyset \end{vmatrix}_{B_3} = \begin{vmatrix} \emptyset \\ \emptyset \\ -a X_{23} \cos(\beta - \alpha) \end{vmatrix}_{B_3}$$

TMS en C projeté sur  $\vec{j}$ :  $CD \times F - a X_{23} \cos(\beta - \alpha) = 0$

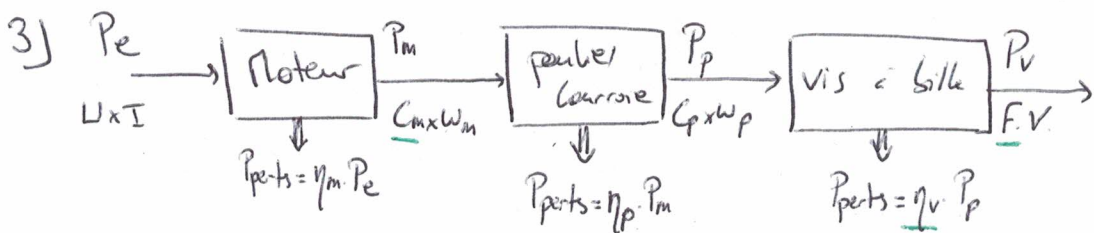
$$\Leftrightarrow X_{23} = \frac{CD}{a \cos(\beta - \alpha)} F \quad \underline{\text{AN: } X_{23} = 80 \text{ N}}$$

## C - Puissance

1) La tige du vérin a un mouvement de translation par rapport au corps. On néglige la rotation du corps par rapport au bâti ( $\dot{\alpha} = 0$ ), donc  $\underline{P_v = F \cdot v = X_{23} \cdot \dot{x}}$

$$\underline{\text{AN: } P_v = 80 \times 0,5 = 40 \text{ W}}$$

2) Le rendement de l'ensemble vaut  $\eta = \eta_v \cdot \eta_r \cdot \eta_m = 0,73$ .  
donc  $\underline{P_e = P_v / \eta = 40 / 0,73 = 55 \text{ W}}$



vis à bille:  $C_p = F \times \frac{P}{2\pi} \times \frac{1}{\eta_v}$

poulie - courroie:  $C_m = \frac{C_p}{i} \times \frac{1}{\eta_p}$

$$\Rightarrow C_m = \frac{F \times P}{i \times 2\pi} \times \frac{1}{\eta_v \eta_p}$$

$$\underline{\text{AN: } C_m = 0,019 \text{ Nm}}$$